Name of Paper: Oratory

Code: LARB4224

The Objective of the Paper:

- To know the meaning of khitabah, how it began, its goals, and its importance for the Islamic dawah, the difference between it and other sciences that concerning with speech (dars, muhadarah, munadharah, nadwah)
- To know how to prepare a khitaab, and to prepare for khutbah.
- To study some examples of khutbah during the central part of Islam and to know its special characteristics and the things which made it effective

Learning Outcome:

After the completion of this subject, the student will be able to:

- Define "oratory", how its founded, and its importance in serving the *Da'wah Islamiyyah*, and able to identify the difference between this art and other arts which are similar to it.
- Determine the characteristics of the orator "the preacher" and as well able to explain the preparation of the speech
- Mention the special characteristics of the Islamic khateeb and that he should be a great example of Islam and know the reason which make this science increase compared to other related sciences

A Synopsis of the Paper:

To define khutbah, its importance, the difference between it and between a lesson, lecture, debate, and conference. The importance of the Khateeb and his level, his religious characteristics, how to prepare the khutbah, the distinguishing features of khitabah during the beginnings of Islam and the factors that had a significant impact on it. To present some examples of khutabs from the beginnings of Islam.

Title	Week
الخطابة.	1
الغاية من الخطابة.	2
تقسيم ُ عناصرها.	3
محتوياتُ الخطبة.	4
الخطيب.	5
إعداد الخطيب.	6
تابع إعداد الخطيب.	7
تابع إعداد الخطيب.	8
من خطب الخلفاء الراشدين، وغيرهم.	9
صوابط الخطاب الدَّعويِّ. رسالة الخطاب الدَّعوي المعاصر.	10
مثالب الخطاب الدَّعويِّ المعاصر.	11
الدَّرس الدِّينيُّ.	12
المحاضرة. المناظرة.	13
الندوة.	14