| 1. | Name of Course | | | | Networks and Routing | | | | | | |
|-----|--|-------------------|---------------|---------|--|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| 2. | Course Code | | | | GNET5023 | | | | | | |
| 3. | Name(s) of academic staff | | | | | | | | | | |
| 4. | Rationale for the inclusio | n of th | ne | | Core Module | | | | | | |
| | course/module in the programme | | | | Remarkable advances in traditional telephony have been observed. The underlying telecommunication system has changed from analog to digit and has incorporated the latest advances in optical technologies and more recently, voice over IP. Throughout these revolutionary changes routing has continued to play a significant role. Modern computer are telecommunication networks are able to react to randomly fluctuating demands and failures by rerouting traffic and by reallocating resources. This is done so well that, in many respects, large scale networks appears coherent, almost intelligent, organisms. The design and control of successive sequire an understanding of a variety of fundamental issues. | | | | | | |
| 5. | Semester and Year offere | ed | | | Seme | ster 1 / Year 1 | | | | | |
| 6. | Total Student Learning Time (SLT) | Face | to Fa | ce | 1 | Total Guided and Independent Learning | | | | | |
| | L = Lecture T = Tutorial P = Practical | L T P | | Р | 0 | Independent study=84 hours Total =126 | | | | | |
| | O= Others | | | / | 84 | | | | | | |
| 7. | Credit Value | | | | 3 28 Hours of Lecture 14 Hours of Tutorial | | | | | | |
| 8. | Prerequisite (if any) | | | | None | | | | | | |
| 9. | understanding of routing routing over time. Part experiential, and practica | g in a icularl | wide y app | variety | of type | and architectures, is very timely. The course provides an in-depth is of networks. It includes extensive coverage of the evolution of n-depth coverage across a spectrum of algorithmic, technical, | | | | | |
| 10. | Learning outcomes: By the end of the subject, students should be able to: Understand the Networking and Network Routing concepts Recognize Routing Algorithms, specifically the Shortest Path and Widest Path Recognize the Framework and Principles related to Routing Protocols Understand the traffic engineering approaches Understand the basic background of IP routing and protocols for Internet that falls into the distance vector protocol family Understand the Open Shortest Path First (OSPF) and the integrated Intermediate system to intermediate system (IS-IS) protocols Demonstrate an in-depth understanding of routing in the public switched telephone network (PSTN) Understand the issue of providing seamless voice service (and/or multimedia services) between an IP and PSTN, and demonstrate an understanding of routing in this hybrid IP-PSTN environment | | | | | | | | | | |

11. Transferable Skills:

- Literature and data searching skills
- Independent study and self learning skills
- Technical writing and presentation skills
- Oral/Written Communication skills
- Critical thinking and problem solving skills
- Time and Self-management skills
- Teamwork skills
- Independent research skills
- Analysis and decision-making skills
- IT skills

12. Teaching-learning and assessment strategy

A variety of teaching and learning strategies are used throughout the course, including:

- Classroom lessons. Lectures and Power Point presentations
- Tutorials
- Hands-on Laboratory Sessions
- brainstorming
- Lecturer-led problem-solving sessions
- Solving assigned problems in groups and individually
- collaborative and co-operative learning;
- Independent study.

Assessment strategies include the following:

- Performance Assessment (Project, participation, Assigned exercises)
- Lecturer Observation
- Quizzes, tests, and examinations

13. Synopsis:

The course covers the basic foundations of routing from algorithms to protocols, along with network flow modelling. Furthermore, the IP network routing is discussed from standardized protocols for both intra- and inter-domain routing, to IP traffic engineering and Internet routing architectures. The PSTN routing is also covered, from hierarchical routing to dynamic routing, and from addressing to traffic engineering, including the role of signalling in routing, along with the impact of number portability in routing, in addition to VoIP Routing.

14. Mode of Delivery:

- Classroom lessons. Lectures and Presentations
- Tutorial sessions: Practice exercises
- Hands-on Laboratory Sessions

15. Assessment Methods and Types:

The assessment for this course will be based on the following:

Coursework 40%

Midterm test
 Assignment
 Project
 20%

Project
 Final Examination
 Assessment
 100%

| 16. | Mapping of the course/module to the Programme Aims | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-----|--|---|--|---|-----------------|------------------------------|----------------------------|-------------|-----|-----|-----|---|-------|--|
| | Α: | A1 | | A2 A3 | | | | A5 | Α | | | | | |
| | 5 | | 4 | 3 | | 4 | | 3 | | 3 | 2 | | | |
| 17. | Mappin | g of th | e course/mod | ule to the Progi | ramme Learning | g Outcom | es | | | | | | | |
| | LO1 | | LO2 | LO3 | LO4 | LOS | 5 | LO6 | | L07 | LO8 | | | |
| | 2 | | 3 | 3 | 4 | 3 | | 3 | | 3 | 3 | | | |
| 18. | | | | Content outlin | e of the course | /module | and the | e SLT per t | pic | | | | | |
| | Content outline of the course/module and the SLT per top | | | | | | | | SLT | | | | | |
| | | | | | Details | | | | L | т | P | О | Total | |
| | Topic 1 | Networking and Network Routing: An Introduction | | | | | | | | 1 | o | 6 | 9 | |
| | Topic 2 | Rout | Bellman Approac Dijkstra' Compari Dijkstra' Shortest Caching Widest F Widest F | Ford Algorithm s Algorithm son of the s Algorithm r Path Con | | the Dis Ford A vith Ca | stance Igorit Indida | hm and | 2 | 1 | 0 | 6 | 9 | |
| | Topic 3 | Rout | RoutingRoutingMessageDistanceLink Stat | Protocol, Ro Informations S Vector Rout Se Routing Protor Routing | | hm, and tation | | _ | | 1 | 0 | 6 | 9 | |

| Network Flow Modeling Single-Commodity Network Flow Multicommodity Network Flow: Three-Node Example Multicommodity Network Flow Problem: General Formulation Multicommodity Network Flow Problem: Non-Splittable Flow | 2 | 1 | 0 | 6 | 9 |
|--|---|---|---|---|---|
| IP Routing and Distance Vector Protocol Family Routers, Networks, and Routing Information: Some Basics Static Routes Routing Information Protocol, Version 1 (RIPv1) Routing Information Protocol, Version 2 (RIPv2) Interior Gateway Routing Protocol (IGRP) Enhanced Interior Gateway Routing Protocol (EIGRP) Route Redistribution | 2 | 1 | 0 | 6 | 9 |
| Open Shortest Path First (OSPF) and Integrated IS-IS From a Protocol Family to an Instance of a Protocol OSPF: Protocol Features OSPF Packet Format Examples of Router LSAs and Network LSAs Integrated IS-IS Similarities and Differences Between IS-IS and OSPF | 2 | 1 | 0 | 6 | 9 |
| IP Traffic Engineering | 2 | 1 | 0 | 6 | 9 |

| | Border Gateway Protocol (BGP) | | | | | |
|----------|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | BGP: A Brief Overview | | | | | |
| | BGP: Basic Terminology | | | | | |
| | BGP Operations | | | | | |
| | BGP Configuration Initialization | | | | | |
| | Two Faces of BGP: External BGP and Internal BGP | | | | | |
| ∞ | Path Attributes | | | | | |
| Topic 8 | BGP Decision Process | 2 | 1 | 0 | 6 | 9 |
| | Internal BGP Scalability | | | | | |
| | Route Flap Dampening | | | | | |
| | BGP Additional Features | | | | | |
| | Finite State Machine of a BGP Connection | | | | | |
| | Protocol Message Format | | | | | |
| | Ü | | | | | |
| | Internet Routing Architectures | | | | | |
| | Internet Routing Evolution | | | | | |
| | Addressing and Routing: Illustrations | | | | | |
| | Current Architectural View of the Internet | | | | | |
| Topic 9 | Allocation of IP Prefixes and AS Number | 2 | 1 | 0 | _ | |
| op_ | Policy-Based Routing | 2 | 1 | " | 6 | 9 |
| | Point of Presence | | | | | |
| | Traffic Engineering Implications | | | | | |
| | Internet Routing Instability | | | | | |
| | Hierarchical and Dynamic Call Routing in the Telephone | | | | | |
| | Network | | | | | |
| | Hierarchical Routing | | | | | |
| | The Road to Dynamic Routing | | | | | |
| | Dynamic Nonhierarchical Routing | | | | | |
| ic 10 | Dynamically Controlled Routing | 2 | 1 | 0 | 6 | 9 |
| Topic | Dynamic Alternate Routing | 2 | 1 | | " | |
| | Real-Time Network Routing | | | | | |
| | Classification of Dynamic Call Routing Schemes | | | | | |
| | Maximum Allowable Residual Capacity Routing | | | | | |
| | Dynamic Routing and Its Relation to Other Routing | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |

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|----------|--|---|---|---|---|---|
| Topic 11 | Traffic Engineering in the Voice Telephone Network Why Traffic Engineering? Traffic Load and Blocking Grade-of-Service and Trunk Occupancy Centi-Call Seconds and Determining Offered Load Economic CCS Method Network Controls for Traffic Engineering State-Dependent Call Routing Analysis of Dynamic Routing | 2 | 1 | 0 | 6 | 9 |
| Topic 12 | SS7: Signaling Network for Telephony Why SS7? SS7 Network Topology Routing in the SS7 Network Point Codes: Addressing in SS7 Point Code Usage SS7 Protocol Stack SS7 Network Management ISUP and Call Processing ISUP Messages and Trunk Management ISUP Messages and Dynamic Call Routing Transaction Services SS7 Link Traffic Engineering | 2 | 1 | 0 | 6 | 9 |
| Topic 13 | Public Switched Telephone Network: Architecture and Routing Global Telephone Addressing Setting Up a Basic Telephone Call and Its Steps Digit Analysis versus Translation Routing Decision for a Dialed Call Call Routing: Single National Provider Environment Call Routing: Multiple Long-Distance Provider Case Multiple-Provider Environment: Multiple Local Exchange Carriers Routing Decision at an Intermediate TDM Switch Number Portability Nongeographic or Toll-Free Number Portability Fixed/Mobile Number Portability Multiple-Provider Environment with Local Number Portability | 2 | 1 | 0 | 6 | 9 |

| | Topic 14 | VoIP Routing: Interoperability Through IP and PSTN PSTN Call Routing Using the Internet PSTN Call Routing: Managed IP Approach IP-PSTN Interworking for VoIP IP Multimedia Subsystem Multiple Heterogeneous Providers Environment All-IP Environment of VoIP Services | 2 | 1 | 0 | 6 | 9 | | | | |
|-----|--|---|----------|-----|-----|---|---|--|--|--|--|
| | | Addressing Revisited | | , | 126 | | | | | | |
| | | Total SLT | | , | 120 | | | | | | |
| | Deepankar Medhi and Karthikeyan Ramasamy, "Network Routing: Algorithms, Protocols, and Architectures Morgan Kaufmann, 2007 | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Additional references supporting the course: 1. Rich Seifert, James Edwards. "The All-New Switch Book: The Complete Guide to LAN Switching Technology", Wiley, 2008. | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Radia Perlman. "Interconnections: Bridges, Routers, Switches, and Internetworking Protocols". Addison-Wesley Professional, 1999. Charles M. Kozierok. "The TCP/IP Guide: A Comprehensive, Illustrated Internet Protocols Reference", No Starch Press, 2005. | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 4. | Douglas E. Comer. "Internetworking with TCP/IP, Vol 1 (5th Edition)", Prentice | Hall, 20 | 05. | | | | | | | |
| 20. | Other additional information All materials will be available to the students online. | | | | | | | | | | |